

Name _____ Date _____

Lesson

3

Review Exercise

1. Many of the Greek myths serve to teach useful lessons. The story of Pandora's Box _____ us to be careful about what we get into.
2. Splitting atoms unleashes the vast energy locked up inside the nucleus. This energy can be used for peaceful purposes or to _____ life on Earth.
3. When she began her work, Marie Curie had no idea it would lead to the atomic bomb. Any _____ in a new field of science risks opening such a Pandora's Box.
4. Humans tried to understand the gods so as not to anger them. This wasn't easy, as the gods could be extremely _____ in their dealings with humans.
5. The ancient Greeks thought that the gods controlled nature. They believed that earthquakes and other disasters were caused by the _____ of the gods.
6. Both humans and gods feared Zeus, and for good reason. He showed he was _____ of pity by the way he punished Prometheus.
7. The early Greeks believed they had reason to be grateful to Prometheus. He _____ on human beings the precious gift of fire.
8. Zeus felt that Prometheus had betrayed the gods by his action. He was _____ when he heard the news and vowed a cruel punishment.

9. Prometheus knew his fate was in Zeus's hands. If he had hoped that Zeus's anger would _____, he must have been disappointed.
10. According to the Greek myth, Pandora was the first woman. Since she lived on Earth as a _____, it was her fate to die one day.
11. Pandora found herself thinking more and more of the box. She was _____ by her strong desire to lift the lid and peer inside.
12. Pandora's thoughts could lead to just one conclusion. After _____ one day over what might be inside the box, Pandora decided to find out.
13. If only Pandora had resisted opening the box, the world would be trouble-free, and she would be the great _____ of the human race.
14. While Prometheus was punished, Pandora was not. Perhaps this is because he acted deliberately, whereas she was the _____ victim of Zeus's plot.
15. Pandora is seen as the source of all the world's troubles. Had she been more _____ of Zeus's instructions, the box would have stayed closed.

Lesson

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Test

Choose the best way to complete each sentence or answer each question. Then fill in the circle next to your answer.

1. Someone who is **devoid** of fear is

(A) paralyzed by fear.
(B) slightly nervous.
(C) not afraid at all.
(D) frightening.

2. To **heed** a warning is to

(A) laugh at it.
(B) warn others.
(C) pay attention to it.
(D) post a warning sign.

3. Emma was in **mortal** danger. This means that she

(A) might have been in danger.
(B) was in terrible danger.
(C) narrowly escaped danger.
(D) was perfectly safe.

4. According to a Greek myth, Hercules was born a god but was raised among **mortals**. A **mortal** is a

(A) superhero.
(B) monster.
(C) talking animal.
(D) human being.

5. **Mortal** beings are

(A) godlike.
(B) animals.
(C) human.
(D) killers.

6. To **bestow** a prize on someone is to

(A) steal a prize from that person.
(B) honor that person with a prize.
(C) race against that person and win.
(D) receive a prize from that person.

7. To be **heedless** of instructions is to

(A) explain instructions carefully.
(B) try to follow instructions.
(C) fail to pay attention to instructions.
(D) fail to understand instructions.

8. To **muse** is to

(A) worry constantly.
(B) sleep without dreaming.
(C) try desperately to think of a plan.
(D) think quietly and carefully.

9. Apple Computers **pioneered** personal computing. This means that Apple

(A) opened the way for others.
(B) traveled all over the world.
(C) began in the 1800s.
(D) kept its computers hidden.

10. The applause **subsided**. It

- Ⓐ grew more lively.
- Ⓑ sounded like the ocean.
- Ⓒ grew more rhythmic.
- Ⓓ grew quieter.

11. A **plague** is anything that causes

- Ⓐ enemies to become friends.
- Ⓑ destruction or suffering.
- Ⓒ inconvenience.
- Ⓓ confusion.

12. In the 1300s, the **plague** killed about one-third of all Europeans. This means that they died

- Ⓐ of a disease.
- Ⓑ in a terrible war.
- Ⓒ of hunger.
- Ⓓ of old age.

13. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. was a **pioneer** in the Civil Rights movement. This means that he

- Ⓐ opened the way for others to follow.
- Ⓑ was a minister's assistant.
- Ⓒ entered the Civil Rights Movement when it was almost over.
- Ⓓ traveled around the country.

14. Which is a **benefactor**?

- Ⓐ a grocery store shopper
- Ⓑ a girl who receives money for her birthday
- Ⓒ a boy who buys his own bicycle
- Ⓓ a woman who donates \$500 to a school

15. Which is an **admonition**?

- Ⓐ "Don't speak to strangers!"
- Ⓑ "What a beautiful day!"
- Ⓒ "Hello. How are you?"
- Ⓓ "May I help you carry your groceries?"

Find a **SYNONYM** for each bold word. Then fill in the circle next to your answer.

16. **wrathful**

- Ⓐ sorrowful
- Ⓑ exhausted
- Ⓒ furious
- Ⓓ devastated

17. **admonished**

- Ⓐ explained
- Ⓑ warned
- Ⓒ inquired
- Ⓓ begged

18. **aghast**

- Ⓐ sleepy
- Ⓑ fascinated
- Ⓒ irritated
- Ⓓ shocked

19. **annihilated**

- Ⓐ attacked
- Ⓑ destroyed
- Ⓒ approached
- Ⓓ explored

20. **devious**

- Ⓐ sneaky
- Ⓑ artificial
- Ⓒ distasteful
- Ⓓ sentimental

21. **plagued**

- Ⓐ excited
- Ⓑ infuriated
- Ⓒ distressed
- Ⓓ questioned

22. **wrath**

- Ⓐ sorrow
- Ⓑ courage
- Ⓒ strength
- Ⓓ fury

23. **mortal**

- Ⓐ deep
- Ⓑ fatal
- Ⓒ deft
- Ⓓ vicious

24. **heed**

- Ⓐ trace
- Ⓑ money
- Ⓒ compliments
- Ⓓ attention

OVER

Find an **ANTONYM** for each bold word. Then fill in the circle next to your answer.

25. **subsided**

- Ⓐ splashed
- Ⓑ churned
- Ⓒ foamed
- Ⓓ rose

26. **admonished**

- Ⓐ greeted
- Ⓑ described
- Ⓒ praised
- Ⓓ organized

27. **devious**

- Ⓐ rocky
- Ⓑ muddy
- Ⓒ paved
- Ⓓ straight

28. **heedful**

- Ⓐ lazy
- Ⓑ inattentive
- Ⓒ mischievous
- Ⓓ impolite

29. **unwitting**

- Ⓐ courageous
- Ⓑ generous
- Ⓒ intentional
- Ⓓ trustworthy