

Name _____ Date _____

Lesson

1

Review Exercise

1. Bad feelings between Native Americans and Europeans developed soon after their first meeting. The actions of the Europeans did little to _____ this mistrust.
2. Smallpox struck the Cherokee nation in 1745. The _____ spread rapidly, as the Native Americans had no natural protection against it.
3. Half the population of the Cherokee nation died as a result of the disease. The effect on those who survived was _____.
4. Smallpox was unknown in North America before the Europeans' arrival. There is no doubt that the settlers were the _____ of the disease.
5. The Cherokee people were helpless against the European settlers.
It is _____ that by 1828, the Native Americans had lost nine tenths of their land.
6. Twenty tribal members signed the 1835 agreement. They had no right to act for the Cherokee Nation and must have known the agreement was a _____.
7. The dispute over Cherokee land reached the highest court in the nation. It was the job of the Supreme Court to give an _____ ruling on the matter.
8. The Supreme Court expects to have the last word in legal matters. It must have _____ the chief justice when his opinion was ignored.

9. It was the president's duty to obey the Supreme Court. What he thought about the chief justice's ruling is _____.
10. The president openly defied Chief Justice Marshall. He refused to _____ the right of the Supreme Court to rule against the legality of the agreement.
11. President Jackson acted outside the law when he ordered the army to expel the Cherokee people. The Supreme Court had told him he lacked the _____ to do so.
12. The failure to win in court did not deter the government. The solution was to _____ the Native Americans by force from their homes and send them west.
13. Many men, women, and children died over the course of the journey. The _____ figure will never be known, but it was at least four thousand.
14. The "Trail of Tears" began in Tennessee. The long _____ westward ended in what is now Oklahoma.
15. The Cherokee were a hardworking people. It must have been difficult for them to resume their _____ ways in a new and unfamiliar place.

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Test

Choose the best way to complete each sentence or answer each question. Then fill in the circle next to your answer.

1. A **trek** is a long, difficult
 - (A) journey.
 - (B) discussion.
 - (C) test.
 - (D) project.
2. When rain **abates**, it
 - (A) freezes.
 - (B) begins to stop.
 - (C) causes floods.
 - (D) pours down steadily.
3. An **agent** is someone who
 - (A) works in a restaurant.
 - (B) acts in movies.
 - (C) does business for others.
 - (D) has very good manners.
4. A group referred to as "the **authorities**" include
 - (A) all citizens.
 - (B) police officers.
 - (C) pet owners.
 - (D) store owners.
5. A disease that is **epidemic**
 - (A) has no cure.
 - (B) is limited to children.
 - (C) is not serious.
 - (D) spreads rapidly.
6. An **estimate** is
 - (A) a careful guess.
 - (B) a large amount of money.
 - (C) a person's weight.
 - (D) a person's height.
7. To **acknowledge** a rule is to
 - (A) create it.
 - (B) admit that it exists.
 - (C) reveal it to others.
 - (D) enforce it.
8. To **evict** someone from an apartment is to
 - (A) force him or her to move out.
 - (B) rent the apartment to him or her.
 - (C) buy the apartment from him or her.
 - (D) furnish the apartment for him or her.
9. Jack's comment is **irrelevant** to our discussion. This means his comment
 - (A) may cause an argument.
 - (B) will bring our discussion to an end.
 - (C) adds interest to our discussion.
 - (D) has nothing to do with our discussion.
10. Which describes a **sham**?
 - (A) visiting a doctor
 - (B) pretending to be sick
 - (C) having a serious illness
 - (D) hoping a sick friend will get well soon

11. Which of the following is a cleaning **agent**?
- Ⓐ cleaning powder
 - Ⓑ a dirty home
 - Ⓒ a spotless home
 - Ⓓ someone who prefers cleanliness
12. Which describes an **epidemic**?
- Ⓐ thousands of people sick with the flu
 - Ⓑ three family members with colds
 - Ⓒ scientists developing new medications
 - Ⓓ a medication that relieves flu symptoms
13. Which is most likely to be **devastating**?
- Ⓐ a light snowfall
 - Ⓑ a flood
 - Ⓒ overcast skies
 - Ⓓ spring weather
14. Who has the most **authority** in a school?
- Ⓐ the principal
 - Ⓑ students
 - Ⓒ cafeteria employees
 - Ⓓ the kindergarten teacher
15. How might you **acknowledge** a gift?
- Ⓐ by tearing off the wrapping paper
 - Ⓑ by writing a thank-you note
 - Ⓒ by delivering it to someone's home
 - Ⓓ by wrapping it very carefully

Find a **SYNONYM** for each bold word. Then fill in the circle next to your answer.

16. **impartial**
- Ⓐ careful
 - Ⓑ generous
 - Ⓒ intelligent
 - Ⓓ fair
17. **acknowledged**
- Ⓐ skilled
 - Ⓑ recognized
 - Ⓒ available
 - Ⓓ fascinating
18. **authority**
- Ⓐ businessperson
 - Ⓑ student
 - Ⓒ owner
 - Ⓓ expert
19. **devastation**
- Ⓐ melancholy
 - Ⓑ evil
 - Ⓒ destruction
 - Ⓓ fury
20. **estimated**
- Ⓐ knew
 - Ⓑ hoped
 - Ⓒ wondered
 - Ⓓ figured
21. **infuriated**
- Ⓐ angered
 - Ⓑ implored
 - Ⓒ saddened
 - Ⓓ influenced

22. **precision**

- Ⓐ decision
- Ⓑ estimation
- Ⓒ exactness
- Ⓓ education

23. **shammed**

- Ⓐ joked
- Ⓑ schemed
- Ⓒ pretended
- Ⓓ concealed

24. **trekked**

- Ⓐ performed
- Ⓑ proved
- Ⓒ fought
- Ⓓ traveled

Find an **ANTONYM** for each bold word. Then fill in the circle next to your answer.

25. **devastate**

- Ⓐ group
- Ⓑ repair
- Ⓒ examine
- Ⓓ discuss

26. **unabated**

- Ⓐ heavy
- Ⓑ generous
- Ⓒ decreasing
- Ⓓ moderate

27. **industrious**

- Ⓐ cozy
- Ⓑ sunny
- Ⓒ contented
- Ⓓ lazy

28. **precise**

- Ⓐ distasteful
- Ⓑ unkind
- Ⓒ uncomfortable
- Ⓓ inaccurate

29. **sham**

- Ⓐ exquisite
- Ⓑ genuine
- Ⓒ silky
- Ⓓ expensive